(No Model.)

C. C. FREEMAN. TOOTH PICK.

No. 448,647.

Patented Mar. 24, 1891.

WITNESSES:

Chas S. Gooding.

NVENTOR:

Charles 6. Freeman & Charles Tews Alty.

## UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

## CHARLES C. FREEMAN, OF DIXFIELD, MAINE.

## TOOTH-PICK.

SPECIFICATION forming part of Letters Patent No. 448,647, dated March 24, 1891.

Application filed October 3, 1885. Renewed June 23, 1890. Serial No. 356,318. (No model.)

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, CHARLES C. FREEMAN, a citizen of the United States, residing at Dixfield, in the county of Oxford and State of Maine, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Tooth-Picks; and I do hereby declare that the following is a full, clear, and exact description of the invention, which will enable others skilled in the art to which to it appertains to make and use the same.

My invention has for its object, as a new article of manufacture, a wooden tooth-pick, which by means of compression and polishing

is made round and smooth.

It has been common to manufacture wooden tooth-picks by machinery. Tooth-picks thus made are somewhat rough and have not sufficiently fine points. Tooth-picks made by hand are generally somewhat smoother and have finer points than those made by machinery; but whether made by machinery or by hand wooden tooth-picks as heretofore made, being manufactured of soft wood, are not sufficiently hard and firm to readily serve the purpose of a good tooth-pick.

My invention consists of a tooth-pick which has been compressed by suitable means, so as to be hard and firm, and having its surface polished. In the Letters, Patent granted to

polished. In the Letters Patent granted to 30 me February 27, 1887, numbered 359,029, there is described a mechanism for polishing, compressing, and rounding tooth-picks, thus producing such a tooth-pick as is above mentioned; but the tooth-pick may be also manu-

35 factured with other mechanism, the object being to take a piece of wood of suitable size,

firmly compress it, so as to make it hard and firm, round it so it shall taper gradually from its center to each end, and polish its surface.

In the drawing I have shown a tooth-pick 40 such as I have described rounded, compressed, and tapering gradually from its center to each end.

The polishing material used in compressing and shaping the tooth-pick may be used or 45

not, as desired.

My method of compressing or compacting the fibers of the splint toward or at its end or ends (as distinguished from cutting them off of successive lengths when making a point 50 by cutting with a knife) leaves the fibers substantially integral all the way to the end, and the tapering point, being compressed the most, is the hardest.

I claim—

1. As a new article of manufacture, a wooden tooth-pick compressed to a rounded form and tapering point, substantially as set forth.

2. A tooth-pick made of soft wood com- 60 pressed to a rounded form in cross-section and to a tapering point at both ends, sub-

stantially as set forth.

3. A wooden tooth-pick compressed to a rounded form in cross-section and to a taper- 65 ing form at both ends and having its surface polished, substantially as above described.

. CHARLES C. FREEMAN.

Witnesses:

ALFRED COLE, CHARLOTTE B. FORSTER.